

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE  
FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 1686

By: Stephens

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

An Act relating to income tax; providing a credit for certain adoption related expenses; providing refundability of credit; limiting amount of credit; authorizing the Oklahoma Tax Commission to promulgate rules and prescribe form for verification; amending 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, which relates to adjustments to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income; modifying period of deduction for adoption related expenses; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2358.13 of Title 68, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. For tax year 2023 and subsequent tax years, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes in an amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of adoption related costs to adoptive parents of a resident of this state or a child born to a resident of this state that results in the filing of a certificate of decree of adoption,

1 after the effective date of this act, as provided in Section 7505-  
2 6.6 of Title 10 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Adoption related costs  
3 shall include relevant court fees, fees paid to adoption service  
4 agencies, prenatal and natal medical expenses of the biological  
5 mother pursuant to an adoption agreement, and costs for home study  
6 as may be required pursuant to Section 7505-5.1 of Title 10 of the  
7 Oklahoma Statutes.

8 B. If the credit provided in this section exceeds the tax  
9 imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the  
10 excess amount shall be refunded to the taxpayer. The credit  
11 provided in this section shall not exceed Five Thousand Dollars  
12 (\$5,000.00) for each certificate of decree of adoption.

13 C. The total amount of credits authorized by this section used  
14 to offset tax shall be adjusted annually to limit the annual amount  
15 of credits to Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00). The Oklahoma  
16 Tax Commission shall annually calculate and publish a percentage by  
17 which the credits authorized by this section shall be reduced so the  
18 total amount of credits used to offset tax does not exceed Five  
19 Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) per year. The formula to be used  
20 for the percentage adjustment shall be Five Million Dollars  
21 (\$5,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the second  
22 preceding year.

1 D. The Oklahoma Tax Commission may promulgate rules or  
2 prescribe forms to verify costs and taxpayer qualification for the  
3 credit provided in this section.

4 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, is  
5 amended to read as follows:

6 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,  
7 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to  
8 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income  
9 as required by this section.

10 A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to  
11 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma  
12 adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

13 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any  
14 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise  
15 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that  
16 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross  
17 income.

18 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that  
19 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the  
20 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws, or laws  
21 of Oklahoma.

22 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall  
23 be adjusted as follows:  
24

- 1           a.   For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years  
2               beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any  
3               net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for  
4               federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an  
5               amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss  
6               from sources within this state, as determined pursuant  
7               to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for  
8               the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of  
9               the total loss for such year;
- 10          b.   For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years  
11               beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any  
12               net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable  
13               year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the  
14               Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks  
15               to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be  
16               separately determined by reference to Section 172 of  
17               the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as  
18               modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351  
19               et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without  
20               regard to the existence of a federal net operating  
21               loss. For tax years beginning after December 31,  
22               2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to  
23               which such losses may be carried shall be determined  
24               solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal

Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried back shall be determined solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income".

4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately allocable in subparagraphs a, b, and c of this paragraph, whether or not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated on the same basis as those items:

a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be

1 allocated in accordance with the situs of such  
2 property;

3 b. Income from intangible personal property, such as  
4 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,  
5 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall  
6 be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs  
7 of the taxpayer, except that:

8 (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary  
9 business or commercial situs apart from the  
10 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be  
11 allocated in accordance with such business or  
12 commercial situs; interest income from  
13 investments held to generate working capital for  
14 a unitary business enterprise shall be included  
15 in apportionable income; a resident trust or  
16 resident estate shall be treated as having a  
17 separate commercial or business situs insofar as  
18 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not  
19 be treated as having a separate commercial or  
20 business situs insofar as distributed income is  
21 concerned,

22 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,  
23 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from  
24 the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly

1           traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b)  
2           of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated  
3           to this state in the ratio of the original cost  
4           of such partnership's tangible property in this  
5           state to the original cost of such partnership's  
6           tangible property everywhere, as determined at  
7           the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent  
8           (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets  
9           consists of intangible assets, capital or  
10          ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an  
11          ownership interest in the partnership shall be  
12          allocated to this state in accordance with the  
13          sales factor of the partnership for its first  
14          full tax period immediately preceding its tax  
15          period during which the ownership interest in the  
16          partnership was sold; the provisions of this  
17          division shall only apply if the capital or  
18          ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an  
19          ownership interest in a partnership do not  
20          constitute qualifying gain receiving capital  
21          treatment as defined in subparagraph a of  
22          paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section,

23          (3) income from such property which is required to be  
24          allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph

1                   5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein  
2                   provided;

3           c.   Net income or loss from a business activity which is  
4               not a part of business carried on within or without  
5               the state of a unitary character shall be separately  
6               allocated to the state in which such activity is  
7               conducted;

8           d.   In the case of a manufacturing or processing  
9               enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists  
10              solely of marketing its products by:

11               (1)   sales having a situs without this state, shipped  
12                   directly to a point from without the state to a  
13                   purchaser within the state, commonly known as  
14                   interstate sales,

15               (2)   sales of the product stored in public warehouses  
16                   within the state pursuant to "in transit"  
17                   tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the  
18                   Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser  
19                   within the state,

20               (3)   sales of the product stored in public warehouses  
21                   within the state where the shipment to such  
22                   warehouses is not covered by "in transit"  
23                   tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the  
24



Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within or without the state, the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived from the manufacture and/or processing and sales everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales defined in this section made to the purchaser within the state to the total sales everywhere. The term "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:

(1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance company for a taxable year shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, and the denominator of which

1 is the direct premiums written for insurance on  
2 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of  
3 this subsection, the term "direct premiums  
4 written" means the total amount of direct  
5 premiums written, assessments and annuity  
6 considerations as reported for the taxable year  
7 on the annual statement filed by the company with  
8 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved  
9 by the National Association of Insurance  
10 Commissioners, or such other form as may be  
11 prescribed in lieu thereof,

- 12 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an  
13 insurance company consists of premiums for  
14 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of  
15 such company shall be apportioned to this state  
16 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the  
17 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct  
18 premiums written for insurance on property or  
19 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written  
20 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property  
21 or risks in this state, and the denominator of  
22 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written  
23 for insurance on property or risks everywhere,  
24 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance

1           accepted in respect of property or risks  
2           everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,  
3           premiums written for reinsurance accepted in  
4           respect of property or risks in this state,  
5           whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the  
6           election of the company be determined on the  
7           basis of the proportion which premiums written  
8           for insurance accepted from companies  
9           commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to  
10          premiums written for reinsurance accepted from  
11          all sources, or alternatively in the proportion  
12          which the sum of the direct premiums written for  
13          insurance on property or risks in this state by  
14          each ceding company from which reinsurance is  
15          accepted bears to the sum of the total direct  
16          premiums written by each such ceding company for  
17          the taxable year.

18          5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate  
19          allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is  
20          derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to  
21          this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors  
22          consisting of property, payroll, and sales or gross revenue  
23          enumerated as subparagraphs a, b, and c of this paragraph. Net  
24          income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from

1 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on  
2 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity,  
3 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection,  
4 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any  
5 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in  
6 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on  
7 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property  
8 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an  
9 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million  
10 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after  
11 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or  
12 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost  
13 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00)  
14 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is  
15 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be  
16 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five  
17 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty  
18 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment  
19 factors shall be computed as follows:

- 20           a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of  
21               which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and  
22               tangible personal property owned or rented and used in  
23               this state during the tax period and the denominator  
24               of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's

1 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned  
2 or rented and used during the tax period.

3 (1) Property, the income from which is separately  
4 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,  
5 shall not be included in determining this  
6 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall  
7 include a portion of the investment in  
8 transportation and other equipment having no  
9 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses,  
10 trucks, and trailers, including machinery and  
11 equipment carried thereon, airplanes,  
12 salespersons' automobiles, and other similar  
13 equipment, in the proportion that miles traveled  
14 in Oklahoma by such equipment bears to total  
15 miles traveled,

16 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its  
17 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer  
18 is valued at eight times the net annual rental  
19 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual  
20 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual  
21 rental rate received by the taxpayer from  
22 subrentals,

23 (3) The average value of property shall be determined  
24 by averaging the values at the beginning and

1 ending of the tax period, but the Oklahoma Tax  
2 Commission may require the averaging of monthly  
3 values during the tax period if reasonably  
4 required to reflect properly the average value of  
5 the taxpayer's property;

6 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of  
7 which is the total compensation for services rendered  
8 in the state during the tax period, and the  
9 denominator of which is the total compensation for  
10 services rendered everywhere during the tax period.  
11 "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those  
12 paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary  
13 business but does not include officers' salaries,  
14 wages, and other compensation.

15 (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the  
16 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion  
17 of such expenditure in connection with employees  
18 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as  
19 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus  
20 drivers, in this state only a part of the time,  
21 in the proportion that mileage traveled in  
22 Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such  
23 employees,  
24

1 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall  
2 include a portion of such expenditures in  
3 connection with itinerant employees, such as  
4 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part  
5 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in  
6 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance  
7 of the enterprise by such employees;

8 c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which  
9 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in  
10 this state during the tax period, and the denominator  
11 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the  
12 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales",  
13 as used in this subsection does not include sales or  
14 gross revenue which are separately allocated in  
15 paragraph 4 of this subsection.

16 (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs  
17 in this state if the property is delivered or  
18 shipped to a purchaser other than the United  
19 States government, within this state regardless  
20 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale;  
21 or the property is shipped from an office, store,  
22 warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in  
23 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United  
24 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not

1           doing business in the state of the destination of  
2           the shipment.

3           (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway  
4           enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall  
5           not be less than the allocation of revenues to  
6           this state as shown in its annual report to the  
7           Corporation Commission.

8           (3) In the case of an airline, truck, or bus  
9           enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator  
10          car, or other railroad equipment enterprise, the  
11          numerator of the fraction shall include a portion  
12          of revenue from interstate transportation in the  
13          proportion that interstate mileage traveled in  
14          Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage  
15          traveled.

16          (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline  
17          enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall  
18          be either the total of traffic units of the  
19          enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue  
20          allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at  
21          the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator  
22          of which shall be the total of traffic units of  
23          the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise  
24          everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A



1 "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the  
2 transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of  
3 one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of  
4 gasoline, or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of  
5 natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be.

6 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other  
7 communication enterprise, the numerator of the  
8 fraction shall include that portion of the  
9 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to  
10 the accounting procedures prescribed by the  
11 Federal Communications Commission; provided that  
12 in respect to each corporation or business entity  
13 required by the Federal Communications Commission  
14 to keep its books and records in accordance with  
15 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such  
16 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be  
17 determined separately in the manner provided by  
18 such uniform system of accounts and only the  
19 interstate income shall be subject to allocation  
20 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.  
21 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors  
22 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the  
23 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal  
24 Communications Commission.

1 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors  
2 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net  
3 income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the  
4 property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because  
5 of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not  
6 employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise;  
7 or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a  
8 considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of  
9 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a  
10 showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been  
11 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an  
12 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma,  
13 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or  
14 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors.  
15 Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed  
16 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income  
17 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and  
18 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income  
19 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable  
20 portion thereof.

21 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or  
22 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state  
23 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an  
24 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent

1 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded  
2 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,  
3 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen  
4 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded  
5 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming  
6 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated  
7 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars  
8 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules  
9 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible  
10 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph  
11 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In  
12 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this  
13 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any  
14 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One  
15 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into  
16 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption  
17 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this  
18 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an  
19 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph  
20 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which  
21 the investment was originally made.

22 For purposes of this paragraph:

- 23 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means  
24 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used

1 or operated primarily for the processing or production  
2 of marketable products from agricultural commodities.  
3 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that  
4 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two  
5 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which  
6 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not  
7 include a facility that provides only, and nothing  
8 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation  
9 of agricultural commodities, and

10 b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is  
11 used in a process primarily for:

- 12 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,  
13 including receiving or storing agricultural  
14 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy  
15 operation,  
16 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or  
17 product before, during or after the processing,  
18 or  
19 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for  
20 sale or shipment.

21 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this  
22 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in  
23 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss  
24 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance

1 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,  
2 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss  
3 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

- 4 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or
- 5 b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal  
6 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of  
7 the income from all other sources other than reflected  
8 on Schedule F.

9 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all  
10 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in  
11 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.  
12 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be  
13 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant  
14 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this  
15 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the  
16 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

17 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an  
18 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA  
19 Consultation Service provided by the ~~Oklahoma~~ Department of Labor  
20 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One  
21 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is  
22 utilized.

23 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010,  
24 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to

1 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income  
2 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986  
3 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment  
4 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from  
5 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred  
6 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)  
7 of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American  
8 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

9 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019,  
10 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted  
11 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to  
12 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or  
13 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the  
14 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would  
15 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing  
16 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title,  
17 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item  
18 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the  
19 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and  
20 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma  
21 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall  
22 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and  
23 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in  
24 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member",

1 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by  
2 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of  
3 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in  
4 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this  
5 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income  
6 tax purposes.

7       B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further  
8 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those  
9 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the  
10 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section  
11 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the  
12 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the  
13 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C.,  
14 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after  
15 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma  
16 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for  
17 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,  
18 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
19 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the  
20 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax  
21 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31,  
22 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for  
23 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of  
24 such assets.

1       Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax  
2 Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue  
3 Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of  
4 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,  
5 and before January 1, 1983.

6       For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which  
7 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an  
8 adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year  
9 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such  
10 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The  
11 purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance  
12 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal  
13 Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

14       2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and  
15 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to  
16 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-  
17 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a  
18 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as  
19 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

20       C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the  
21 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to  
22 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to  
23 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor  
24 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an



1 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result  
2 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed  
3 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such  
4 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such  
5 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years  
6 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from  
7 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of  
8 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,  
9 1988.

10 2. For purposes of this subsection:

11 a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether  
12 organized as a corporation, partnership, or  
13 proprietorship, organized for profit with its  
14 principal place of business located within this state  
15 and which meets the following criteria:

16 (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty  
17 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),

18 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its  
19 employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the  
20 time of the transfer, and

21 (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor  
22 corporation;

23 b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,  
24 pattern, device, or compilation of scientific or

1           technical information which is not in the public  
2           domain;

3           c.   "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is  
4           the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology  
5           at the time the transfer is made; and

6           d.   "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of  
7           consideration for the transfer of technology, whether  
8           the consideration is in money or otherwise.

9           D.   1.   For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the  
10          taxable income of any corporation, estate, or trust, shall be  
11          further adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.  
12          Such corporations, estates, or trusts shall be allowed a deduction  
13          from Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains  
14          receiving capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate, or  
15          trust during the taxable year and included in the federal taxable  
16          income of such corporation, estate, or trust.

17          2.   As used in this subsection:

18               a.   "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means  
19               the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section  
20               1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the  
21               federal income tax return of the corporation, estate, or  
22               trust that result from:

23                   (1)   the sale of real property or tangible personal  
24                   property located within Oklahoma that has been

1 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,  
2 estate, or trust for a holding period of at least  
3 five (5) years prior to the date of the  
4 transaction from which such net capital gains  
5 arise,

6 (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership  
7 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited  
8 liability company, or partnership where such  
9 stock or ownership interest has been directly or  
10 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate, or  
11 trust for a holding period of at least three (3)  
12 years prior to the date of the transaction from  
13 which the net capital gains arise, or

14 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal  
15 property, or intangible personal property located  
16 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or  
17 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma  
18 company, limited liability company, or  
19 partnership where such property has been directly  
20 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the  
21 owners of such entity, and used in or derived  
22 from such entity for a period of at least three  
23 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction  
24 from which the net capital gains arise,

- 1           b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of  
2           time. The holding period shall include any additional  
3           period when the property was held by another  
4           individual or entity, if such additional period is  
5           included in the taxpayer's holding period for the  
6           asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,
- 7           c. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or  
8           "partnership" means an entity whose primary  
9           headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at  
10          least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date  
11          of the transaction from which the net capital gains  
12          arise,
- 13          d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset,  
14          and
- 15          e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a  
16          pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through  
17          entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the  
18          qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- 19          (1) With respect to sales of real property or  
20          tangible personal property located within  
21          Oklahoma, the deduction described in this  
22          subsection shall not apply unless the pass-  
23          through entity that makes the sale has held the  
24          property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted

1 years prior to the date of the transaction that  
2 created the capital gain, and each pass-through  
3 entity included in the chain of ownership has  
4 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the  
5 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below  
6 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than  
7 five (5) years.

8 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership  
9 interest in or sales of all or substantially all  
10 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited  
11 liability company, or partnership, the deduction  
12 described in this subsection shall not apply  
13 unless the pass-through entity that makes the  
14 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or  
15 the assets for not less than three (3)  
16 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the  
17 transaction that created the capital gain, and  
18 each pass-through entity included in the chain of  
19 ownership has been a member, partner or  
20 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the  
21 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted  
22 period of not less than three (3) years.  
23  
24

1 E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual  
2 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma  
3 taxable income:

4 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or  
5 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary  
6 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars  
7 (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed  
8 by the Internal Revenue Code.

9 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One  
10 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or  
11 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For  
12 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind  
13 only if the central visual acuity of the individual  
14 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with  
15 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the  
16 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied  
17 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the  
18 widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle  
19 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

20 c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One  
21 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or  
22 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at  
23 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status  
24 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.

1 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim  
2 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income  
3 does not exceed:

- 4 (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if  
5 married and filing jointly;
- 6 (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)  
7 if married and filing separately;
- 8 (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;  
9 and
- 10 (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a  
11 qualifying head of household.

12 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December  
13 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of  
14 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the  
15 conversion of a traditional individual retirement  
16 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall  
17 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for  
18 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this  
19 subparagraph.

- 20 2. a. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,  
21 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard  
22 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall  
23 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the  
24 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in

1           lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal  
2           Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of  
3           fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross  
4           income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to  
5           exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that  
6           in the case of a married individual filing a separate  
7           return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen  
8           percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income  
9           or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed  
10          the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars  
11          (\$1,000.00).

12          b.   For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,  
13               2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of  
14               individuals who use the standard deduction in  
15               determining taxable income, there shall be added or  
16               deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary  
17               to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard  
18               deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an  
19               amount equal to:

- 20               (1)   Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing  
21                      status is married filing joint, head of  
22                      household, or qualifying widow; or  
23               (2)   Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing  
24                      status is single or married filing separate.



1 c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and  
2 ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals  
3 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable  
4 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case  
5 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard  
6 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by  
7 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

8 (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),  
9 if the filing status is married filing joint or  
10 qualifying widow; or

11 (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars  
12 (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or

13 (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars  
14 (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or  
15 married filing separate.

16 d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and  
17 ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals  
18 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable  
19 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case  
20 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard  
21 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by  
22 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:  
23  
24

1 (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if  
2 the filing status is married filing joint or  
3 qualifying widow, or

4 (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars  
5 (\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or

6 (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars  
7 (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or  
8 married filing separate.

9 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and  
10 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals  
11 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable  
12 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case  
13 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard  
14 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by  
15 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

16 (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),  
17 if the filing status is married filing joint or  
18 qualifying widow, or

19 (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars  
20 (\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or

21 (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars  
22 (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or  
23 married filing separate.  
24

Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing federal individual income tax returns.

g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, as follows:

(1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars  
(\$6,350.00) for single or married filing  
separately,

(2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars  
(\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or  
qualifying widower with dependent child, and  
(3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars  
(\$9,350.00) for head of household.

3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident individuals having adjusted gross income from sources both within and without the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided by law.
- b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the

provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00). For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable contributions and medical expenses deductible for federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as specified by this subparagraph.

4. A resident individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor vehicle, home, or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person from the United States as salary or compensation in any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member

1 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United  
2 States shall be deducted from taxable income.

3 b. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%)  
4 of the income received by any person from the United  
5 States as salary or compensation in any form, other  
6 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component  
7 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be  
8 deducted from taxable income.

9 c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a  
10 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is  
11 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by  
12 reason of:

13 (1) absence from the United States, which term  
14 includes only the states and the District of  
15 Columbia;

16 (2) absence from ~~the State of Oklahoma~~ this state  
17 while on active duty; or

18 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United  
19 States for treatment of wounds, injuries, or  
20 disease,

21 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax  
22 shall be and is hereby extended without incurring  
23 liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth  
24 day of the third month following the month in which:

- 1                   (a) Such individual shall return to the United  
2                   States if the extension is granted pursuant  
3                   to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return  
4                   to ~~the State of Oklahoma~~ this state if the  
5                   extension is granted pursuant to  
6                   subparagraph b of this paragraph or be  
7                   discharged from such hospital if the  
8                   extension is granted pursuant to  
9                   subparagraph c of this paragraph; or  
10                  (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator  
11                   of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed,  
12                   whichever event occurs the earliest.

13           Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant  
14 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of  
15 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax  
16 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such  
17 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax  
18 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in  
19 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted,  
20 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

21           6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of  
22 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any  
23 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be  
24 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is

1 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is  
2 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010,  
3 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as  
4 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

5       7.   a.   An individual taxpayer, whether resident or  
6               nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal  
7               income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable  
8               year.

9           b.   Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this  
10               paragraph shall be deductible by any individual  
11               taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the  
12               extent they relate to income subject to taxation  
13               pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax  
14               Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding  
15               paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the  
16               Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted  
17               gross income.

18          c.   For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income  
19               taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes  
20               imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though  
21               the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining  
22               the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for  
23               tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not  
24               be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten



1           percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced  
2           refund of the credit received during the tax year  
3           provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and  
4           Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-  
5           16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not  
6           be subject to taxation.

7           d.    The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all  
8           taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and  
9           beginning before January 1, 2006.

10          8.   Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred  
11   Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five  
12   Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand  
13   Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax  
14   years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of  
15   the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,  
16   the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law  
17   Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and  
18   Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement  
19   System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant  
20   to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the  
21   Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma  
22   Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma  
23   Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee  
24   retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-

1 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt  
2 from taxable income.

3 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social  
4 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from  
5 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the  
6 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section  
7 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

8 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-  
9 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,  
10 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)  
11 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which  
12 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or  
13 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,  
14 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a  
15 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account  
16 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
17 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage  
18 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in  
19 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from  
20 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of  
21 the Internal Revenue Code.

22 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,  
23 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings  
24

1 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title  
2 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

3 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the  
4 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a  
5 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction  
6 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs  
7 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for  
8 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be  
9 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is  
10 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of  
11 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to  
12 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation  
13 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the  
14 individual.

15 13. a. ~~In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002~~ For  
16 tax years 2003 through 2022, nonrecurring adoption  
17 expenses paid by a resident individual taxpayer in  
18 connection with:  
19 (1) the adoption of a minor, or  
20 (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not  
21 result in a decreed adoption,  
22 may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross  
23 income.  
24

- b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.
- c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.
- d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees, court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees, and expenses which are directly related to the legal process of adoption of a child including, but not limited to, costs relating to the adoption study, health and psychological examinations, transportation, and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the adoption process and are not reimbursed by other sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses" shall not include attorney fees incurred for the purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and after the point of the initiation of the contest, costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation, and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or

1 property, except for a special needs child as  
2 authorized by the court.

3 14. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,  
4 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts  
5 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an  
6 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and  
7 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five  
8 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing  
9 status is single, head of household, or married filing  
10 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or  
11 less if the filing status is married filing joint or  
12 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income.  
13 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,  
14 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts  
15 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an  
16 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is  
17 less than the qualifying amount specified in this  
18 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.

19 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount  
20 shall be as follows:

21 (1) in taxable years beginning after December 31,  
22 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the  
23 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand  
24 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the

- filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
- (2) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
- (3) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
- (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand

Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, and

(5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no limitation upon the qualifying amount.

c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits" means the total distributions or withdrawals from the following:

(1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,

(2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,

(3) an individual retirement account, annuity, or trust or simplified employee pension that satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,

(4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),

(5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the requirements of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or  
(6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 402(e).

d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years.

15. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a



1 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for  
2 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any  
3 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal  
4 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an  
5 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the  
6 production of agricultural products.

7 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount  
8 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship  
9 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps  
10 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the  
11 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

12 17. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,  
13 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a  
14 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts  
15 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings  
16 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of  
17 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the  
18 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand  
19 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for  
20 each account.

21 b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,  
22 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for  
23 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the  
24 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual

deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to all such accounts plus any contributions to such accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in the year for which the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from income for the succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be taken for contributions and rollovers made during a taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

- c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, deductions for contributions made pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as follows:

1 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year  
2 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or  
3 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the  
4 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to  
5 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced  
6 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or  
7 nonqualified withdrawal, and

8 (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or  
9 nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year  
10 in which a contribution was made to the  
11 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise  
12 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this  
13 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the  
14 contribution which is equal to the rollover or  
15 nonqualified withdrawal.

16 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a  
17 contribution for which a deduction has been taken  
18 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within  
19 one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount  
20 of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted  
21 gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of  
22 the rollover.

23 e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of  
24 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant

1 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified  
2 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included  
3 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the  
4 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

5 f. As used in this paragraph:

6 (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal  
7 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account  
8 other than one of the following:

9 (a) a qualified withdrawal,

10 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death  
11 or disability of the designated beneficiary  
12 of an account,

13 (c) a withdrawal that is made on the account of  
14 a scholarship or the allowance or payment  
15 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or  
16 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by  
17 the designated beneficiary to the extent the  
18 amount of the refund does not exceed the  
19 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or  
20 payment, or

21 (d) a rollover or change of designated  
22 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of  
23 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma  
24 Statutes, and

1                   (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the  
2                   Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan  
3                   under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

4       18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,  
5 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of  
6 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the  
7 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten  
8 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income  
9 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by  
10 paragraph 14 of this subsection.

11       19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,  
12 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,  
13 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security  
14 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such  
15 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant  
16 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
17 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

- 18           a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty  
19           percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,  
20           b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty  
21           percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,  
22           c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty  
23           percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,  
24

- 1           d.    in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty  
2               percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and  
3           e.    in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and  
4               subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)  
5               of such benefits shall be exempt.

6       20.   a.   For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a  
7               resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand  
8               Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross  
9               income if the individual, or the dependent of the  
10              individual, while living, donates one or more human  
11              organs of the individual to another human being for  
12              human organ transplantation. As used in this  
13              paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver,  
14              pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A  
15              deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be  
16              claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ  
17              transplantation occurs.

18           b.   An individual may claim this deduction only once, and  
19               the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed  
20               expenses that are incurred by the individual and  
21               related to the organ donation of the individual.

22           c.   The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to  
23               implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall  
24               contain a specific list of expenses which may be

1                   presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax  
2                   Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for  
3                   verification.

4           21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there  
5 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the  
6 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician  
7 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-  
8 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

9           22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,  
10 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation  
11 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
12 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

13           23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there  
14 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less  
15 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award  
16 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For  
17 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a  
18 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the  
19 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a  
20 scholarship in its books and records.

21           24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016,  
22 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local  
23 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the  
24 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes

1 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the  
2 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted  
3 after any such limitations are applied.

4       25. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, each  
5 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts  
6 established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life Experience  
7 (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of Title 56  
8 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the deduction provided  
9 for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars  
10 (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars  
11 (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of  
12 contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which  
13 the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from  
14 income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may be taken for  
15 contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the  
16 succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a taxpayer's state  
17 income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later.  
18 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken in  
19 more than one (1) tax year.

20       F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a  
21 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual  
22 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital  
23 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of  
24 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.



1       2. As used in this subsection:

2           a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means  
3           the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section  
4           1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an  
5           individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that  
6           result from:

7           (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal  
8           property located within Oklahoma that has been  
9           directly or indirectly owned by the individual  
10          taxpayer for a holding period of at least five  
11          (5) years prior to the date of the transaction  
12          from which such net capital gains arise,

13          (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or  
14          indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma  
15          company, limited liability company, or  
16          partnership where such stock or ownership  
17          interest has been directly or indirectly owned by  
18          the individual taxpayer for a holding period of  
19          at least two (2) years prior to the date of the  
20          transaction from which the net capital gains  
21          arise, or

22          (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal  
23          property or intangible personal property located  
24          within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or

1 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma  
2 company, limited liability company, or  
3 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship  
4 business enterprise where such property has been  
5 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or  
6 business enterprise or owned by the owners of  
7 such entity or business enterprise for a period  
8 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of  
9 the transaction from which the net capital gains  
10 arise,

11 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of  
12 time. The holding period shall include any additional  
13 period when the property was held by another  
14 individual or entity, if such additional period is  
15 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the  
16 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

17 c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or  
18 "partnership" means an entity whose primary  
19 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at  
20 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date  
21 of the transaction from which the net capital gains  
22 arise,

23 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns  
24 the asset,

1 e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an  
2 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-  
3 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise  
4 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

5 (1) With respect to sales of real property or  
6 tangible personal property located within  
7 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this  
8 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-  
9 through entity that makes the sale has held the  
10 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted  
11 years prior to the date of the transaction that  
12 created the capital gain, and each pass-through  
13 entity included in the chain of ownership has  
14 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the  
15 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below  
16 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than  
17 five (5) years.

18 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership  
19 interest in or sales of all or substantially all  
20 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited  
21 liability company, partnership, or Oklahoma  
22 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction  
23 described in this subsection shall not apply  
24 unless the pass-through entity that makes the

1 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for  
2 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior  
3 to the date of the transaction that created the  
4 capital gain, and each pass-through entity  
5 included in the chain of ownership has been a  
6 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-  
7 through entity in the tier immediately below it  
8 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two  
9 (2) years. For purposes of this division,  
10 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007,  
11 shall be included in the determination of the  
12 required holding period prescribed by this  
13 division, and

14 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a  
15 business enterprise whose income and expenses have  
16 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual  
17 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar  
18 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue  
19 Service and whose primary headquarters have been  
20 located in Oklahoma for at least three (3)  
21 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the  
22 transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

23 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income  
24 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed

1 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment  
2 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in  
3 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real  
4 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

5 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under  
6 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents  
7 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust  
8 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this  
9 subsection. As used in this subsection:

10 a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"  
11 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856  
12 of the Internal Revenue Code,

13 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means  
14 a real estate investment trust, the shares or  
15 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded  
16 on an established securities market and more than  
17 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of  
18 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned  
19 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or  
20 constructively, by a single entity that is:

21 (1) treated as an association taxable as a  
22 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and  
23  
24

(2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The term shall not include a real estate investment trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an established securities market, and that satisfies the requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall not include the following entities:

(1) any real estate investment trust as defined in paragraph a of this subsection other than a "captive real estate investment trust", or

(2) any qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment trust", or

(3) any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed Investment Scheme" under the Australian Corporations Act in which the principal class of units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in

1 Australia and is regularly traded on an  
2 established securities market), or an entity  
3 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed  
4 Australian Property Trust owns or controls,  
5 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent  
6 (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the  
7 beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or  
8 (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a  
9 corporation, trust, association, or partnership  
10 organized outside the laws of the United States  
11 and which satisfies the following criteria:  
12 (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the  
13 entity's total asset value at the close of  
14 its taxable year is represented by real  
15 estate assets, as defined in Section  
16 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
17 thereby including shares or certificates of  
18 beneficial interest in any real estate  
19 investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,  
20 and U.S. Government securities,  
21 (b) the entity receives a dividend-paid  
22 deduction comparable to Section 561 of the  
23 Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from  
24 entity level tax,

- (c) the entity is required to distribute at least eighty-five percent (85%) of its taxable income, as computed in the jurisdiction in which it is organized, to the holders of its shares or certificates of beneficial interest on an annual basis,
- (d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the voting power or value in such entity is held directly or indirectly or constructively by a single entity or individual, or the shares or beneficial interests of such entity are regularly traded on an established securities market, and
- (e) the entity is organized in a country which has a tax treaty with the United States.

3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any person.

4. A real estate investment trust that does not become regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an



1 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first  
2 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended  
3 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or  
4 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real  
5 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real  
6 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on  
7 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the  
8 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate  
9 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal  
10 Revenue Code.

11 SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.

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